

Stopgap Face Mask (SFM) - Instructions for Use

These instructions for use correspond to **Revision A** of the Stopgap Face Mask (SFM). The revision of the corresponding mask can be found on the front side of the mask as shown in Fig 1.

Appropriate Use Criteria

This supplementary face mask was created as an emergency action in effort to provide protection as a backup Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) option if the traditional PPE devices have become unavailable. This device has not gone through the same regulatory approval process as traditional PPE, but has gone through a special verification process expedited strictly for the response to the COVID-19 pandemic.

This device is intended to be use only for the duration of the public health emergency related to COVID-19 declared by the Department of Health and Human Services (HHS), including any renewals made by the HHS Secretary in accordance with section 319(a)(2) of the Public Health Service Act (PHS Act).The decision to implement this device should be made with careful consideration and under the consultation of the corresponding institution’s occupational health and infection control departments.

The Stopgap Face Mask was designed to be a surgical mask intended to provide liquid barrier protection for medical purposes as defined in the [FDA Guidance Enforcement Policy for Face Masks and Respirators During the Coronavirus Disease \(COVID-19\) Public Health Emergency](#). This mask should be used within the CDC guidelines for [Strategies for Optimizing the Supply of N95 Respirators: Crisis/Alternate Strategies](#), specifically the section on “*Healthcare Provider Use of non-NIOSH Approved Masks or Homemade Masks*”.

This device is **not** suitable protection against airborne exposures and should **not** be used as a replacement for a N95 mask, PAPR device, or any other respirator device. This supplementary face mask **DOES NOT MEET REQUIREMENTS FOR AIRBORNE PRECAUTIONS** and **SHOULD NOT BE USED DURING AEROSOL GENERATING PROCEDURES**. The supplementary mask should not be used in a clinical setting where the infection risk level through inhalation exposure is high

The information included in this document provides device description and feature overview, recommended assembly steps, and cleaning instructions for reuse.

Device Overview

The Stopgap Face Mask consists of two main components (the mask body and the filter cover) and contains features for attaching two elastic straps and receiving a patch of filter material. A diagram of the components is shown below in Fig. 1.

This mask is designed to receive a rectangular patch of filter material that can be inserted into the filter box and secured by the filter cover for use. It is recommended that the rectangular filter patch and elastic straps are disposed of after every use of this device. The remaining parts of the plastic mask can be disinfected using common disinfecting solutions and then sterilized for reused. See Appendix A for recommended disinfecting solutions and sterilization methods for this device. Filter material to be used with this supplemental mask should be cut to a 2.25in x 2.25in patch. See Appendix B for guidelines on filter material selection.

Components to be disposed of after every use or immediately after potential contamination by bodily fluids:

- Square filter patch
- Top elastic strap
- Bottom elastic strap
- Nose Foam piece

Components to be disinfected and reused:

- Plastic mask body
- Plastic filter cover

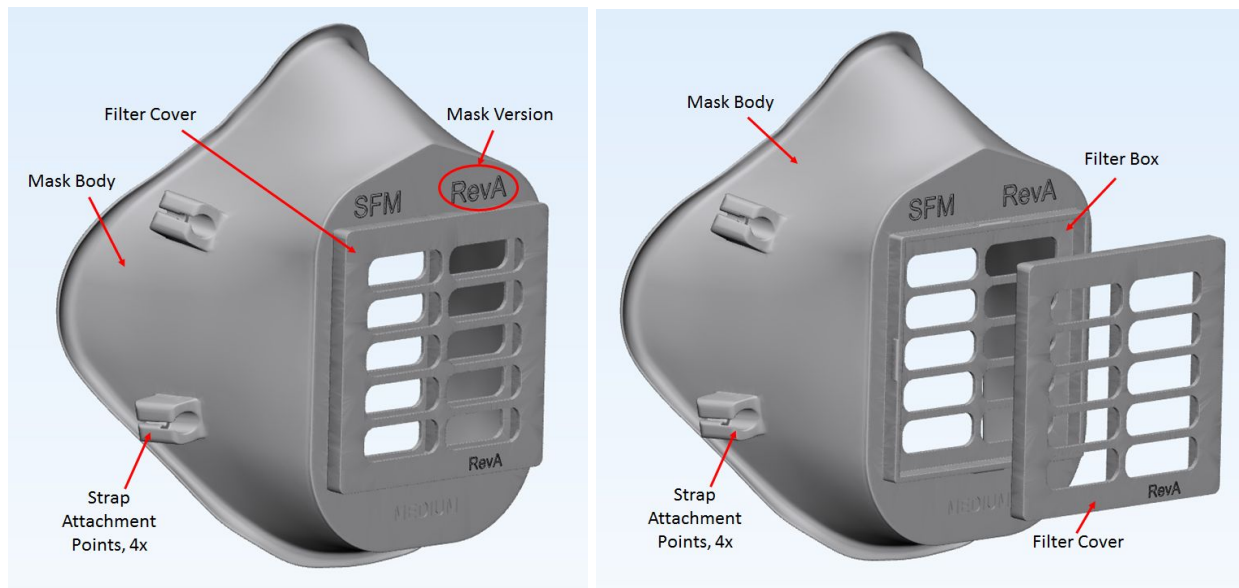


Fig. 1

Point of Care Assembly and Cleaning Instructions

For instruction on how to properly assemble, clean, and reassemble for reuse of the supplemental face mask, please refer to the steps outlined below.

Assembly Steps

1. Find a clean disinfected environment to work in.
2. Don a pair of clean gloves.
3. Take a single mask body component and identify the nose feature, this will indicate the top part of the mask
4. Take one elastic strap (16"), create an overhand knot at each end of the strap, slide the end of the strap through the first set of attachment points (both marked #1 in Fig. 2), and make sure the knots are seated securely.
5. Take another elastic strap (16"), create an overhand knot at each end of the strap, slide the end of the strap through the second set of attachment points (both marked #2 in Fig. 2), and make sure the knots are seated securely.
6. Cut a patch from the filter material that is slightly smaller than the size of the filter box, 2.25in x 2.25in.
7. Once the square filter patch is cut, center it within the square feature (the filter box) on the front of the mask.
8. With the filter patch centered, attach the filter cap by pressing it all the way down onto the filter box until it snaps into place and is secure. The filter patch should be sitting flat underneath the filter cap and completely covering all ten holes.
9. Take one strip of the adhesive backed foam and remove the protective sheet on the back to reveal the adhesive. Stick the foam strip to the inside of the nose feature of the mask, making sure that it is offset $>1/4$ " to the inside of the edge of the mask as shown in Fig 3. Be sure the foam is placed far enough to the inside so it isn't interfering with the seal of the mask once donned. The mask should seal by the hard plastic rim touching the skin.
10. Turn the mask so the front is facing the ground and let it dangle by its straps. The filter cap should be snug enough so it doesn't fall off when you turn the mask over and the straps shouldn't pull through the attachment points.

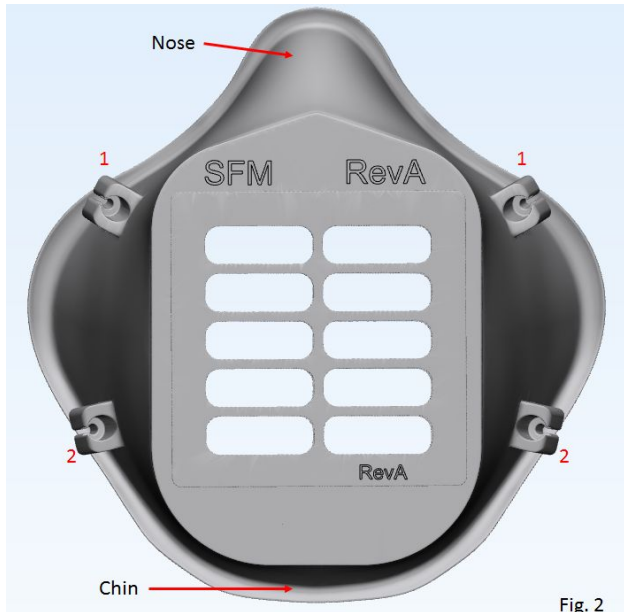


Fig. 2

11. Do a final inspection of the mask with all components assembled to ensure nothing is damaged or dirty and everything has been assembled properly as shown in Fig 3 below. Take special note to ensure filter cover to ensure the filter patch completely covers all the filter grill holes. **DO NOT USE THE MASK OR ANY COMPONENTS IF THERE IS ANY VISIBLE DAMAGE.** If any components are visibly damaged, properly dispose of the component and get a replacement.
12. Once final inspection is complete, this mask is ready to be used.



Fig 3.

Donning the Supplementary Mask

1. [Follow CDC guidelines for how to don a face mask](#)

Doffing the Supplementary Mask

2. [Follow CDC guidelines for how to remove a contaminated face mask](#)

Recommended Cleaning

The recommended materials selected for making the reusable components of this supplemental face mask have a proven track record for remaining stable during and after the use of the list of disinfectants and sterilization process outlined in Appendix A. However, there has been no formal testing completed yet to support the claim that the use of disinfectants alone is a sufficient cleaning approach against the COVID19 virus specifically on the surface of this material.

Because of this, we recommend that the following disinfection and sterilization steps are performed after each user is finished using the supplemental mask and the user has followed the proper procedures for doffing the device.

1. Perform hand hygiene procedures and don a pair of clean gloves.
2. Remove and properly dispose both of the elastic straps.
3. Remove the filter cap and properly dispose of the filter patch.
4. Wash the filter cap and mask body with soap and water to remove any obvious remains of soiling on these components.
5. Using one of the recommended disinfecting products from the list outlined in Appendix A, prepare to perform steps 4-9 to disinfect the mask.
6. Wipe down and disinfect the entire front side of the mask taking care to get inside the filter box and wipe these features as well.
7. Wipe down and disinfect the entire inside of the mask.
8. Wipe down and disinfect the entire filter cap.
9. Doff gloves, perform hand hygiene procedures, and don a new pair of gloves
10. Wipe down the entire mask again making sure to get all surfaces of the mask (inside and outside surfaces) one more time.
11. Ensure the surface is visibly wet with the disinfectant product for the duration of the contact time as defined by the [EPA guidelines in List N: Disinfectants for Use Against SARS-CoV-2](#).
12. Set the mask aside in a clean environment to dry completely
13. Run both the mask body and filter cap components through a standard autoclave cycle, as outlined in Appendix A, to ensure complete disinfection has occurred.

Preparing the Supplementary Mask for Reuse.

1. Once the mask is dry, follow the assembly steps listed above to properly assemble the mask components together again for use.

Appendix A: Recommended Disinfectants and Sterilization Methods

Recommended Disinfecting Agents:

From the [EPA guidelines in List N: Disinfectants for Use Against SARS-CoV-2](#), it is recommended to use the following solutions for the disinfecting procedures of this device.

1. 10% chlorine bleach solution
2. Super Sani-Cloth
3. CaviWipes
4. Hydrogen peroxide
5. Soap and water

Recommended Sterilization Method:

Below is a table outlining the sterilization parameters that are recommended to be used for autoclave sterilization processing.

Temperature (°C)	Minimum Exposure Time (min)	Drying Time (min)
132	5	30

Appendix B: Recommended Filter Materials

The level of protection provided by the supplementary mask will be determined in part by the filter material used. It is recommended to use materials that meet the requirements of ASTM level 1, 2 or 3 barrier medical face mask materials as specified in ASTM Designation: F2100–19 *Standard Specification for Performance of Materials Used in Medical Face Masks*. The design only accepts filter materials up to 0.20 in (0.5mm) thick; anything thicker will prevent the filter cap from seating fully. One option is to cut up existing surgical face masks. One traditional surgical face mask will make approximately four filter patches.

Appendix C: Materials in Direct Contact with Skin

Only three components will come into direct contact with the provider's skin (the foam nose strip, the elastic straps, and the mask body,).

Materials for the Foam Nose Strip

It is recommended that the nose padding be made from 3/16" thick 1/2" width silicon strips with adhesive on the back and cut to ~ 3" or something of similar material. This component is disposable, and its main purpose is for providing comfort over long durations of use.

Materials for the Elastic Straps

It is recommended that the straps be made from 1/8" thick braided elastic strap material or something of similar material. As this component is disposable, its main purpose is providing enough tension to keep the mask on the face during use.

Materials for the Mask Body

Since the mask body component will be in direct contact with the user's skin for long durations of time, it is recommended that only materials and processes with existing examples of FDA cleared skin contacting applications should be used. Below are the materials that have been recommended in the manufacturing guidance document for manufacturing of the Stopgap Face Mask (SFM)

Material	Manufacturer
DuraForm ProX PA	3D Systems
HP 3D High Reusability PA 11	HP
HP 3D High Reusability PA 12	HP
HP 3D High Reusability CB PA 12 (Monochromatic)	HP
PA 1101	EOS
PA 2200	EOS